



INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE COMPLETION OF THE BRITISH SHOWJUMPING EQUINE PASSPORT IDENTITY SKETCH AND DESCRIPTION

TO BE COMPLETED BY A QUALIFIED VETERINARY SURGEON ONLY

The recommended procedure for identification is described in the FEI booklet 'Identification of Horses'.

The diagram and written description must agree and must be sufficiently detailed to ensure the positive identification of the animal in future. White markings must be shown in red and the written description completed using black ink in block capitals or typescript. If there are no markings, this fact must be stated in the written description.

Enter the name of the horse, date of birth (or year), colour, sex, species, and approximate adult height.

Complete the "Outline Diagram" using a red ball point pen to outline white markings without shading but lightly hatched in if desired, and black ball point pen to indicate whorls and other markings. Particular attention should be paid to whorls (shown "X") on the head (universal), neck (universal) and jugular region (common) and to rear view of fore and hind legs. A permanent scar is indicated by a black arrow pointing to the site. Acquired marks such as tattoos and brands are indicated on the sketch and the details added in "Markings" or "Alternative method of marking". A prophet's thumb is indicated by a triangle. A wall eye etc. should always be noted. A depigmented area on a hoof (especially common in grey horses) is indicated on the sketch and coloured red. Horses without any markings and with only three or less whorls must have the outline of each chestnut drawn in the appropriate box. Fill in the name and address of the person to whom the document is issued in the appropriate box. Finally, date, stamp and sign where indicated, thereby authenticating the identity of the horse.

From 1st July 2009 it will be **mandatory** for all horses requiring a passport to have a **microchip**. First, check for previous implants by scanning the body surface with an ISO standard 11785 reader, on both sides of the neck, between the poll and the withers, in the area of the nuchal ligament. If there is not a microchip present, insert a microchip which conforms to the ISO standard 11784 and apply HDX or FDX-B technology. Fill in the microchip number and/or affix the bar code in the appropriate place on the identity form. Mark with an encircled letter "M" on the sketch the site of the implant.

Notes for Veterinary Surgeons: For horses which may in the future require a FEI Passport, or fully comprehensive vaccination requirements, the Veterinary Surgeon is to complete the relevant "Vaccination Record". Primary equine influenza vaccination given between 21 and 92 days apart. In addition, a booster vaccination must be administered within each succeeding 6 months (+ or - 21 days) following the second vaccination of the primary course. As from January 2005 this involves regular six monthly booster vaccinations following a primary vaccination course.

The above are the minimum requirements for influenza vaccination. The primary course and subsequent booster vaccinations should be given according to the manufacturer's instructions that will fall within the stipulation of the FEI ruling.

Complete "Laboratory Health Tests", Section VII, when such tests are performed. Entries must be certified with the veterinarian's name and signature.